#### **Drinking Water Perspective**

- Regulatory Framework
- CALFED Urban Parameters of Concern
- Recommended Target Levels
- CALFED Drinking Water Actions
- Other Concerns of Drinking Water Agencies

#### Regulatory Framework

- Enhanced Surface Water Treatment Rule
   Cryptosporidium
- Disinfectants/Disinfection By-Products Rule
   Total Organic Carbon (precursors)
   Bromate (bromide)

# CALFED Urban Parameters of Concern

- Bromide
- Nutrients (nitrate) not of concern to CUWA
- Pathogens
- Salinity (TDS) and chloride
- TOC
- Turbidity
- Viruses included with pathogens

K1096 PRE D'SAYDELTA 10/21/96

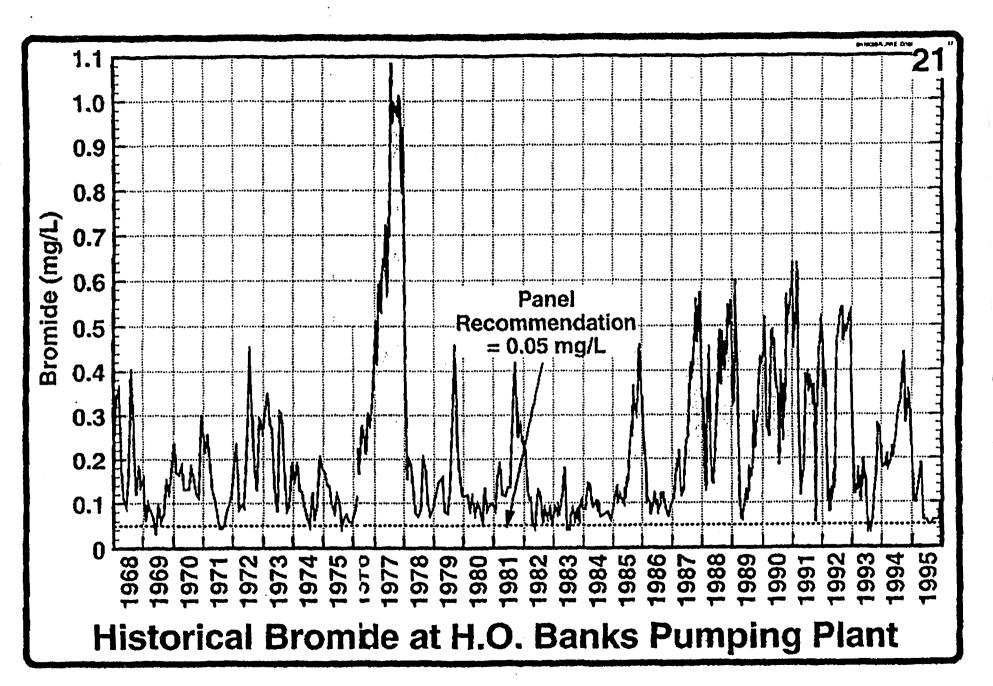
# **Bay Delta Water Quality Evaluation**

Treatment	Regulatory Scenario	Delta Export Water Quality		Comments	
Scenario		TOC (mg/L)	Bromide (mg/L)	Comments	
Enhanced coagulation, free chlorine/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs, 1 log <i>Giardia</i> inactivation	<3.0	<0.2	Enhanced coagulation with chlorine/chloramines	
		<4.0	<0.05		
Enhanced coagulation, free chlorine/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs, 2 log <i>Giardia</i> inactivation	<3.0	<0.10	will not achieve 1 log  Cryptosporidium  inactivation	
Preozonation at ambient pH/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs, 2 log <i>Giardia</i> inactivation	<4.0	<0.05	Could possibly meet Bromate MCL of 10 µg/L but not 5 µg/L	
Preozonation at ambient pH/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs 1 log <i>Cryptosporidium</i> inactivation	<4.0	<0.05	Could not meet Bromate MCL of 10 µg/L	
Preozonation at pH 6.5/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs 2 log <i>Giardia</i> inactivation	<3.0	<b>≤</b> 0.10	Could meet Bromate MCL of 5 µg/L	
Preozonation at pH 6.5/ chloramines	Stage 2 DBP MCLs 1 log <i>Cryptosporidium</i> inactivation	<3.0	≤0.05	Could possibly meet Bromate MCL of 5 µg/L	

## **Recommended Target Levels**

- Total Organic Carbon 3 mg/L
- Bromide 0.05 mg/L
- Current Conditions

Location	TOC median, mg/L	TOC max, mg/L	
Banks P.P.	4	9.6	
NBA Intake	5.2	21.3	
Sac. R. @ Greenes Landing	2.1	7.7	



#### **Recommended Target Levels**

- Pathogens 1 oocyst/100L
  - Selection of an alternative should not result in degraded water quality necessitating increased removal requirements.
- Turbidity 50 NTU
  - Reduced variability in turbidity is needed to improve treatment plant performance.

#### **Recommended Target Levels**

- Salinity (TDS)
  - Increased water to meet Delta objectives
  - Adverse effects on groundwater recharge, recycling, and blending
  - Taste
  - Corrosion of appliances and infrastructure
- The selected alternative should, at a minimum, meet SWP contract objectives:

10 year average - 220 mg/L monthly average - 440 mg/L

### **CALFED Drinking Water Actions**

- 1. Improve treated drinking water by providing incentives for addition of enhanced coagulation, ozone, granular activated carbon filtration, and/or membrane filtration.
- Reliance on treatment alone to solve public health water quality needs will not be durable, one of CALFED's solution principles.
- Drinking water agencies are going to enhanced coagulation and ozone. Not feasible to go to GAC and membranes.
- The Bay-Delta solution must provide the highest source water quality reasonably available. Existing high quality sources must be protected.

### **CALFED Drinking Water Actions**

- 2. Improve source water quality parameters of concern at domestic water supply intakes by relocating water supply intakes to areas that are not influenced by those discharges.
- Previously this action included reducing Delta island discharges high in TOC. This should be added back into the action by CALFED staff.
- Other measures to improve source water quality in the Delta need to be incorporated into the CALFED program.
- Addition of an alternative intake for the NBA may be warranted based on MWQI study.

# Other Concerns of Drinking Water Agencies

- CALFED should develop a Salinity Control Policy to provide reliable low salinity water.
- CALFED must evaluate impacts on drinking water supplies of other CALFED actions:
  - Wetlands treatment for pollutant removal
  - Shallow water habitat
  - Flooded Delta islands
- Ecosystem water quality must be improved:
  - Toxicity must be assessed and understood
  - Measures to control toxicity must be evaluated and implemented